# Kyrgyz Rep.

FP2030 Indicator Summary Sheet: 2023 Measurement Report

loueill com	traceptive U	se and Need	l					5	Source : Family F	Planning Estimat	ion Tool (FPE	
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
	modern method		ļ.	2010	2017	1 2010	2013	2020	2021	2022		
360,000	370,000	380,000	380,000	390,000	400,000	410,000	420,000	430,000	440,000	450,000	460,000	
	1 '		,	390,000	400,000	410,000	420,000	430,000	440,000	430,000	400,000	
	aceptive prevale			25.00/	25.50/	25.00/	26.20/	26.60/	26.00/	27.20/	27.40/	
23.6%	23.8%	24.2%	24.5%	25.0%	25.5%	25.9%	26.3%	26.6%	26.9%	27.2%	27.4%	
	women estimat		1	I	1							
13.7%	13.8%	13.8%	13.9%	13.9%	13.9%	13.9%	13.8%	13.7%	13.7%	13.5%	13.4%	
Percentage of	women estimat	ed to have their	demand for fa	mily planning m	net with a mode	rn method of c	ontraception (n	nDS)				
63.3%	63.3%	63.6%	63.9%	64.3%	64.7%	65.0%	65.4%	65.8%	66.2%	66.8%	67.2%	
	Т			T	1	T	T	1		T	·	
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Total users of modern methods of contraception  350,000 350,000 360,000 370,000 380,000 390,000 400,000 410,000 420,000 420,000 440,000 440,000												
350,000	350,000	360,000	370,000	380,000	390,000	400,000	410,000	420,000	420,000	440,000	440,000	
Modern contr	aceptive prevale	ence rate (mCP)										
34.6%	34.7%	35.2%	35.6%	36.1%	36.7%	37.2%	37.8%	38.3%	38.7%	39.2%	39.7%	
Percentage of	women estimat	ed to have an u	nmet need for	modern metho	ds of contraced	tion (mUN)	'	'	•	'		
20.6%	20.7%	20.7%	20.7%	20.7%	20.7%	20.6%	20.5%	20.3%	20.2%	20.1%	19.9%	
	women estimat					1					1 23.570	
62.7%	62.6%	62.8%	63.2%	63.5%	63.9%	64.2%	64.7%	65.1%	65.4%	66.0%	66.6%	
62.7%	62.6%	62.8%	63.2%	63.5%	63.9%	64.2%	64.7%	65.1%	65.4%	66.0%	66.6%	
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
T-4-1f	modern method					1 2020						
10.000	1		1	16.000	16.000	15.000	16.000	16.000	16.000	17.000	10,000	
18,000 Modern contr	18,000	17,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	15,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	17,000	18,000	
	aceptive prevale		1	I	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	I	
3.5%	3.4%	3.3%	3.2%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.2%	3.2%	3.3%	
Percentage of	women estimat	ed to have an u	nmet need for	modern metho	ds of contracep	tion (mUN)		,	,		,	
<b>1.1%</b> 0.9% 0.7% 0.6% 0.5% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4%												
Percentage of	women estimat	ed to have their	r demand for fa	mily planning m	net with a mode	ern method of c	ontraception (n	nDS)				
76.4%	79.5%	82.2%	84.2%	85.8%	87.5%	89.0%	88.7%	88.5%	88.3%	88.2%	87.9%	
	·								•			
npacts of M	lodern Contr	aceptive Us	e among Al	l Women								
•												
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
umber of uninte	ended pregnanci	es averted due	to modern cont	raceptive use	'	,	'	'	'	'		
130,000	130,000	130,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	160,000	160,000	170,000	
	e abortions aver			l	,,,,,	1,	1,	1	1,	1,		
62,000	63,000	64,000	66,000	67,000	69,000	70,000	72,000	74,000	75,000	77,000	79,000	
	1			,	05,000	70,000	72,000	7,000	75,000	77,000	, 3,000	
	nal deaths avert				1 200	1 200	200	200	1 200	2:2		
250	250	260	260	270	280	280	290	300	300	310	320	
1 1/ 5=	rotection (CVPc)								Calculated from	n routing convice	nrovicion d	
NIINIA VASTE OF IN	I DIECEIUII ICIPSI								culculated from	n routine service	provision ac	
Source			2014	2015	2016	2017	2010	2010	2020	2024	2022	
Source	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
-			2014	2015 	<b>2016</b> 	2017 	2018	2019 	2020	2021	2022	
Source 	2012	2013										
Source	2012	2013										
Source 	2012	2013										
Source  ertility Outc	2012 	2013										
Source  ertility Outc	2012	2013							 lue	Sou	ırce	
Source  ertility Outc	2012 	2013								Sou		
Source ertility Outc	2012 	2013  romen 15-19)							 lue	Sou	ırce	
Source ertility Outc	2012  comes rate (per 1000 w	2013  romen 15-19)						Va	 lue	Soil 2018	ırce	
Source ertility Outc	2012  comes rate (per 1000 w	2013  romen 15-19)						Va	ulue	Soil 2018	urce MICS	
Source ertility Outc	2012  comes rate (per 1000 w	2013  romen 15-19)						Va	ulue	Soil 2018	urce MICS	
ertility Outc	2012 comes rate (per 1000 w	2013  vomen 15-19) ided						Va	ulue 50	Soil 2018	mics  DHS	
ertility Outc	2012 comes  rate (per 1000 w that are uninten	2013  vomen 15-19) ided						Va	ulue 50	Soil 2018	mics  DHS	

#### Contraceptive Use, Availability, and Discontinuation by Method

Modern Contraceptive Method Mix										
Long-Acting	Sterilization (female)	3.2%	Source							
and	Sterilization (male)	0.5%	2018 MICS							
Permanent	IUD	52.3%								
Methods	Implant	0.0%								
	Injectable	0.9%								
	Pill	8.2%	Population							
Charle Town	Condom (Male)	34.7%	All Women							
Short-Term Methods	Condom (Female)	0.0%								
Wicthous	LAM	0.0%								
	Standard Days method	0.0%								
	Other Modern Methods	0.2%								

Percentage of facilities stocked out, by method offered, on the day of								
	assessment							
Long-Acting	Sterilization (female)		Source					
and	Sterilization (male)							
Permanent Methods	IUD		_					
	Implant		_					
	Injectable		_					
	Pill		 Year					
Short-Term	Condom (Male)							
Methods	Condom (Female)							
	Emergency Contraception		_					
	Other modern methods		_					

	Value	Source	Year						
Percentage of primary SDPs that have at least 3 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment									
Percentage of secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment									

Contraceptive Discontinuation Rates and Method Switching (first 12 months)**									
	IUD	Implant	Injectable	Pill	Condom (male)	Source			
Discontinuation while in need									
Discontinuation while not in need						<del></del>			
Total discontinuation (all reasons)									
Switching to a different method									

#### **Contraceptive Services and Decision-Making**

	Value	Source	Population			
Method Information Index**						
	67%	2012 DHS	All Women			
Percentage of women who received family planning information during a contact with a health service provider **						
	24%	2012 DHS	All Women			
Percent of current modern contraceptive users who last obtained their family planning method	from each source (All Methods	5) **				
Public	71%					
Private Medical	0%	2012 DHS				
Other	28%					
Percentage of women who decided to use family planning alone or jointly with their husbands/	partners **		'			
	93%	2012 DHS				

#### Investment in Family Planning

Annual expenditure on family planning from government domestic budget (USD \$)									
Source	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
FPSA					\$ 12,629,754	\$ 12,656,967	\$ 17,255,889		

#### Traditional Contraceptive Use

Source : Family Planning Estimation Tool (FPET)

Traditional Contraceptive Use did not meet the reporting threshold (tCP among Married Women >5% in 2023) and so is not reported for this country.

Traditional Contract part oscillation incit the reporting threshold for uniong married women > 3% in 2025) and 30 is not reported for this country.												
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
All Women	All Women											
Married Women	Married Women											
Unmarried Wome	Unmarried Women											

#### Notes

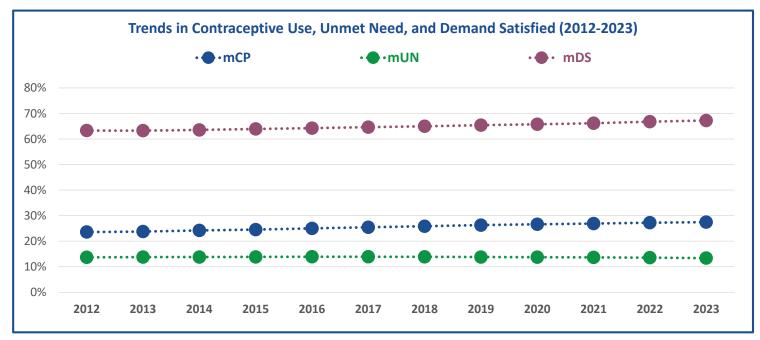
- --- indicates no data post 2012 was available
- \* Total Users among Married Women and Unmarried Women will not sum exactly to the Total Users among All Women
- \*\* Additional diaggregation or details available in the full data set.

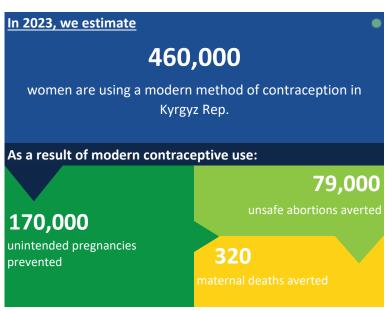


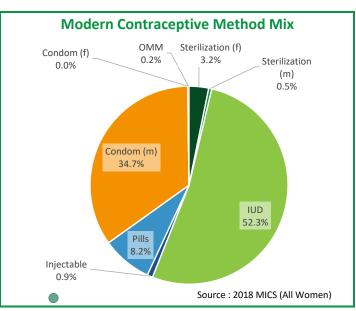
## Kyrgyz Rep.

### FP2030 Country Fact Sheet - 2023

	Estimate for 2012	Estimate for 2023
Total Users of Modern Contraception	360,000	460,000
Modern Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (mCP)	23.6%	27.4%
Unmet Need for Modern Contraception (mUN)	13.7%	13.4%
Demand Satisfied for Modern Contraception (mDS)	63.3%	67.2%







**Data recency**: color indicates year of most recent data used to inform estimates

New: 2018 to Present
Recent: 2012 to 2018
Old: Prior to 2012

Note: the population for all indicators is all women of reproductive age (15-49) unless otherwise noted.

